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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/799,397	03/12/2004	Soumya Roy	6357US	7319
30173 GENERAL MII	7590 11/28/200 LLS, INC.	EXAMINER		
P.O. BOX 1113	,	STULII, VERA		
MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55440			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1794	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			11/28/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/799,397	ROY ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		VERA STULII	1794			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DANSIONS of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Poperiod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period ver to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>04 A</u>	uaust 2008				
, —	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	action is non-final.				
′=	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
٥/ك	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposit	on of Claims					
4)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1,6-19,23-45 and 57-62</u> is/are pending	g in the application.				
•	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
·	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,6-19,23-45 and 57-62</u> is/are rejected.					
	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
·	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.				
	ion Papers	·				
		٧				
•	9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.					
10)[
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
2) Notice (3) Inform	t(s) te of References Cited (PTO-892) te of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ate			

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

Claims 1 and 6-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Narayanaswamy et al. (US 6,165,524) in view of Navarro (US6, 312, 741) for the reasons stated in the Office action mailed May 16, 2008.

Claims 19 and 23-34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Narayanaswamy et al. (US 6,165,524) in view of Navarro (US6, 312, 741) for the reasons stated in the Office action mailed May 16, 2008.

Claims 35-45 and 57-62 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Narayanaswamy et al. (US 6,165,524) in view of Navarro (US6, 312, 741) and Willyard et al. (US 4,929,464) for the reasons stated in the Office action mailed May 16, 2008.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed August 4, 2008 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

On page 8 of the Reply to the Office action mailed May 16, 2008 applicants state that "the present application require an encapsulated acid having a mean particle size of about 150-840 microns. The Examiner admits that Narayanaswamy et al. does not teach a mean particle size of about 150-840 microns as claimed. The Examiner then turns to Navarro which teaches coated fumaric acid having a particle size from about 70

to 140 microns. This particle size is outside of the claimed range". Examiner respectfully disagrees. Claim 1 recites the range of "about 150 microns to about 840 microns". Navarro discloses particle size from about 70 microns to about 140 microns (Col. 3 line 52). It is noted that "about 140 microns" allows for the size slightly above 140 microns, and "about 150 microns" allows for the size slightly below 150 microns, and thus the ranges overlap. Therefore, the range of particle size as claimed is seen to be prima facie obvious in view of Navarro. In any case, one of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to modify the particle sizes of the capsule depending on the desired thickness of the particle coating and amount of the active substance contained therein.

On page 8 of the Reply applicants state that "the coated fumaric acid particles of Navarro preferably have a coating melting point of above 125°F. In contrast, the present invention requires a minimum melting point of 150°F as set forth in claims 18, 24, 57 and 62". In regard to this argument, it is noted that the range of above 125°F encompasses the minimum point 150°F, and therefore establishes prima facie case of obviousness.

On page 8 of the Reply applicants state that "[c]laim 35 is directed to a method of preparing a fried bakery product using a dried mix which is formed into a batter and deep fried to an internal cooked temperature of about 170-230° F. Neither Narayanaswamy et al. nor Navarro teach the step of deep-frying batter in oil to produce a fried bakery product having an internal cooked temperature of about 170°F as required by claim 35". In response to applicant's arguments against the references individually, one cannot show nonobviousness by attacking references individually

where the rejections are based on combinations of references. See *In re Keller*, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981); In re Merck & Co., 800 F.2d 1091, 231 USPQ 375 (Fed. Cir. 1986). Claim 35 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Narayanaswamy et al. (US 6,165,524) in view of Navarro (US6, 312, 741) and Willyard et al. (US 4,929,464) for the reasons stated in the Office action mailed May 16, 2008. Willyard et al. disclose fried donuts (Abstract), forming batter into a desired individual-serving size portions e.g. donuts (Col.3, lines 57-58), and immersing them in heated oil (Col.4, lines 12-14). Willyard et al. also disclose deepfrying such individual-serving size portions in oil having temperature of 350°F (Col.4, line 28). Therefore, Willyard et al discloses cooking temperatures in the range as recited. Regarding internal cooked temperatures recitation, it is noted that although the references do not specifically disclose every possible quantification or characteristic of its product, such as internal cooked temperatures, this characteristic would have been expected to be in the claimed range absent any clear and convincing evidence and/or arguments to the contrary. The combination of references disclose the same starting materials and methods as instantly (both broadly and more specifically) claimed, and thus one of the ordinary skill in the art would recognize that the internal cooked temperatures, among many other characteristics of the product obtained by referenced method, would have been an inherent result of the process disclosed therein. The Patent Office does not possess the facilities to make and test the referenced method and product obtain by such method, and as reasonable reading of the teachings of the references has been applied to establish the case of obviousness, the burden thus

shifts to applicant to demonstrate otherwise. Further in this regard, it is noted that the internal temperature of the product would depend on the individual portion size, shape, filling, desired color, taste, mouthfeel, crispiness, crunchiness, etc. Since, Narayanaswamy et al. disclose preparing "other cooked farinaceous goods", and Willyard et al. disclose deep-frying individual-serving size portions in oil, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify disclosure of Narayanaswamy and employ method steps discloses by Willard et al in order to produce desired fried bakery products.

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to VERA STULII whose telephone number is (571)272-3221. The examiner can normally be reached on 7:00 am-3:30 pm, Monday-Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Keith Hendricks can be reached on (571) 272-1401. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Steve Weinstein/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1794